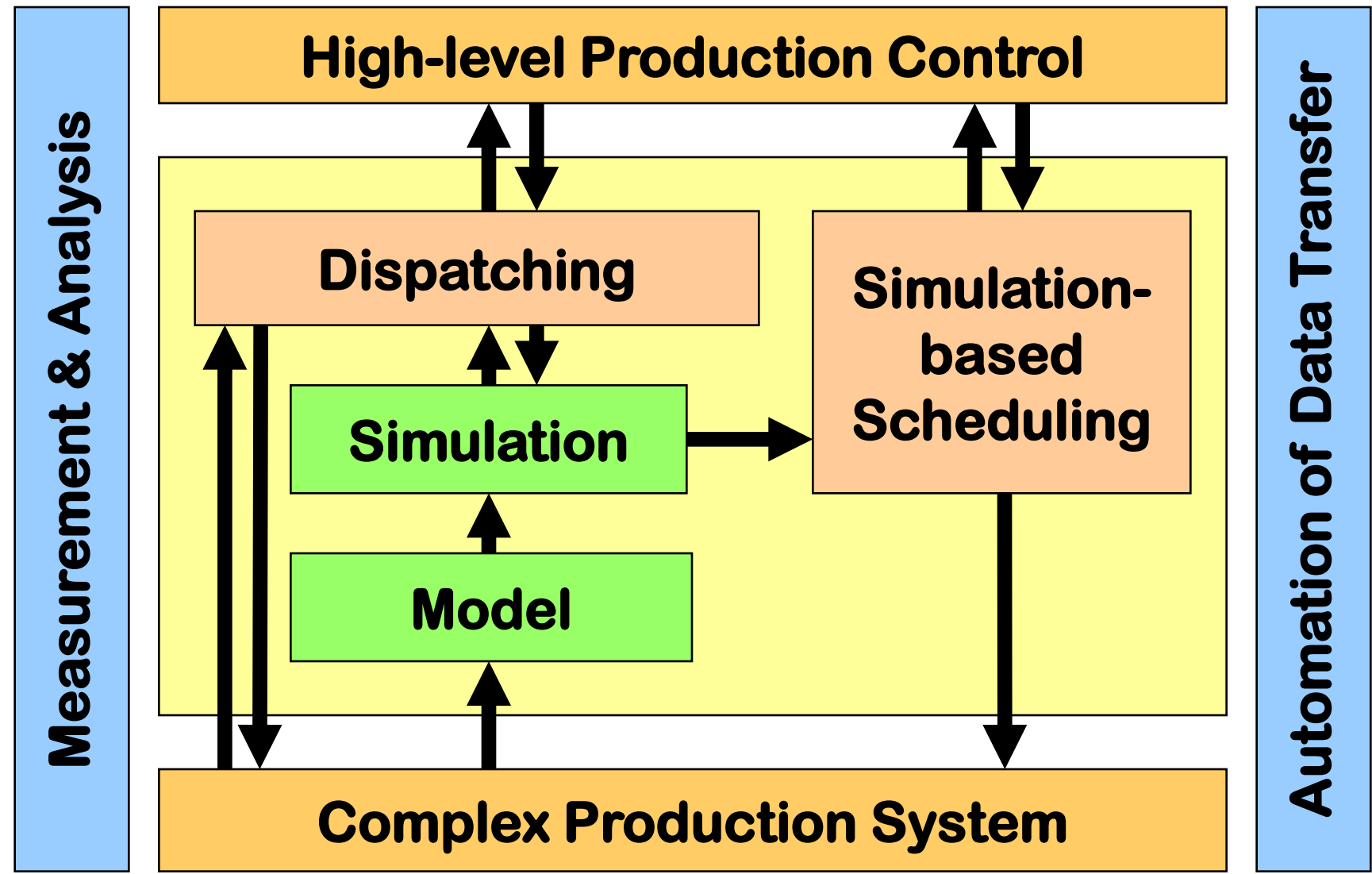


**Potenziale und Schwierigkeiten bei der
Modellierung mit SysML
für Untersuchungen zum operativen
Betrieb von Fertigungsanlagen**

Oliver Rose

Research Overview



Our goal

- ▷ Development and application of tools, libraries, and frameworks to support
 - Solution heuristics for operational production and logistics scheduling problems:
(simulation-based) **Decision Support Systems**
 - **Performance evaluation** of complex production and logistics systems
 - Fast
 - Robust
 - Comprehensive (to users!)
 - Easy to integrate
 - Applicable in a wide range of industries
 - Based on state-of-the-art software engineering technologies

Scheduling

- ▷ Scheduling in discrete logistics systems (warehouses, factories, transport systems, supply chains, ...)
 - Jobs
 - with a given (production) process, consisting of one or more steps/actions/activities
 - Resources
 - typically limited
 - Constraints
 - failures, shift regime, start dates, due dates, ...
 - Objective functions
 - minimize cost, cycle times, ...
 - maximize throughput, on-time delivery, ...
- ▷ Find optimal schedule assigning jobs to resources while meeting all constraints

Simulation Modeling

▷ Advantages:

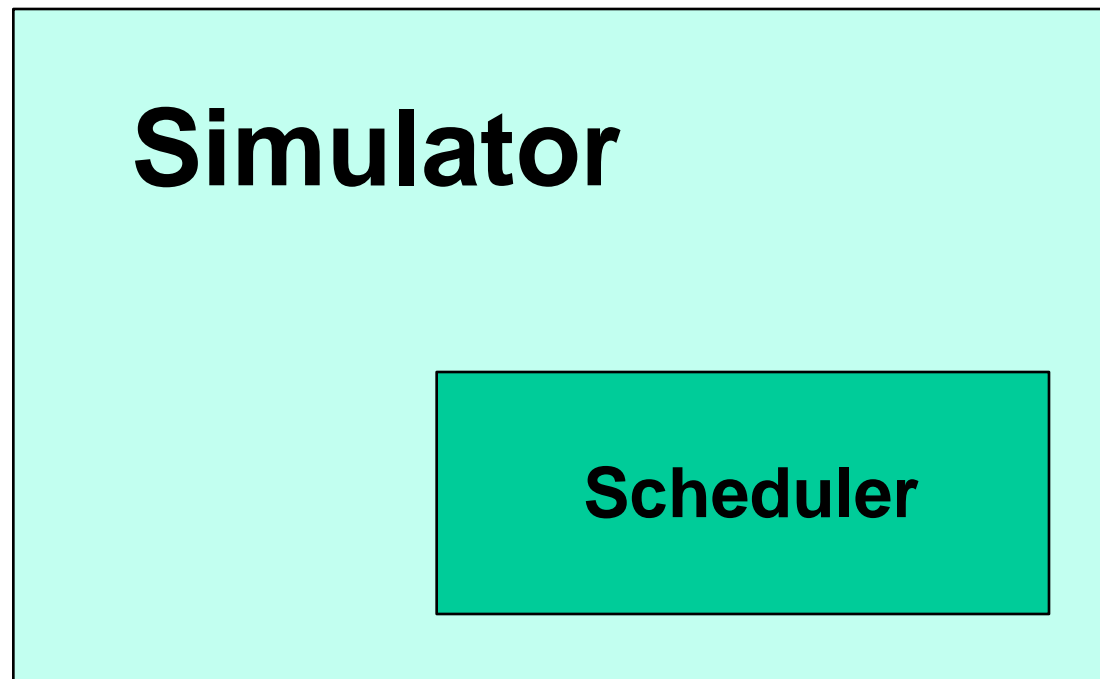
- Model represents large amount of relevant system details (in contrast to most mathematical models)
 - Job characteristics
 - Resource characteristics
 - Constraints
 - ...
- Commercial tools available

▷ Challenges:

- No modeling standards
- Considerable effort to validate models
- Difficult integration into given IT infrastructure

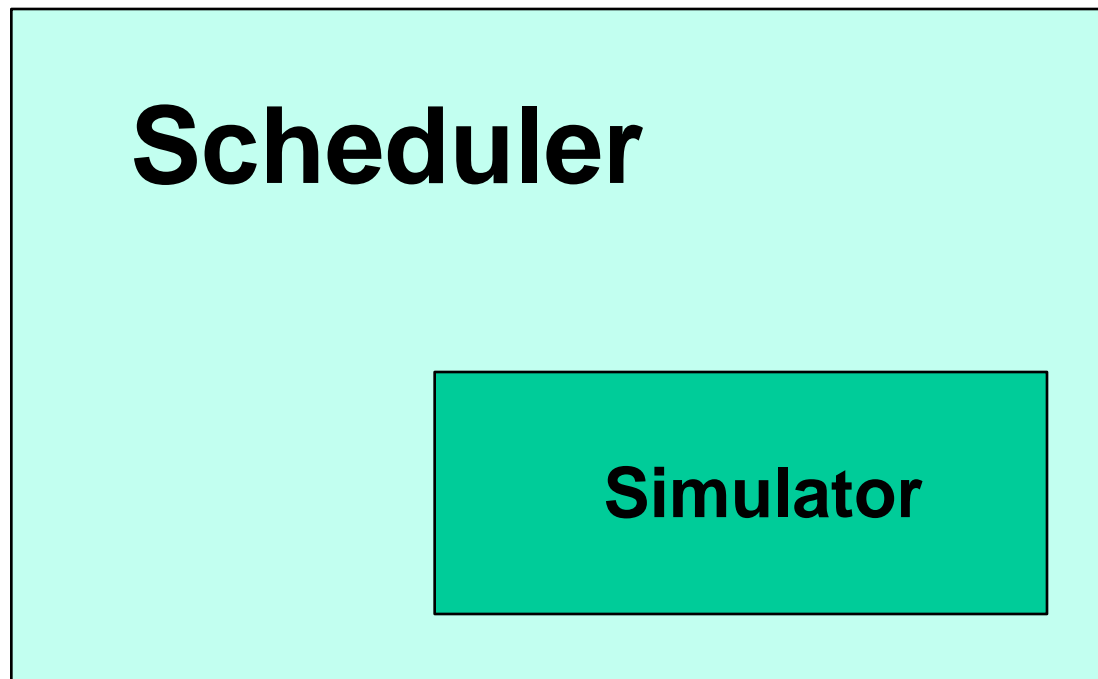
Simulator & Scheduler

- ▷ **Testing of scheduling approaches**
 - Simulator provides online test environment for scheduler

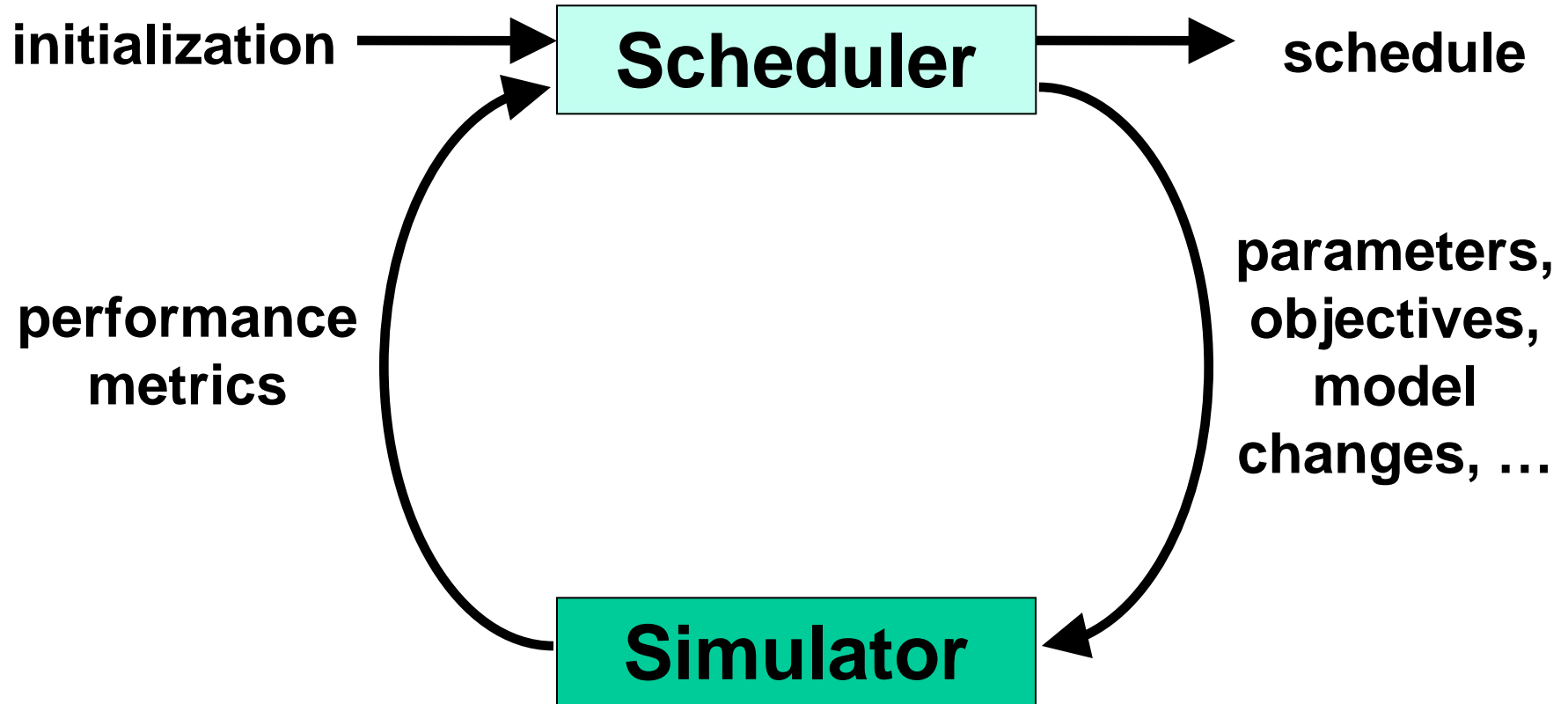


Simulator & Scheduler

- ▷ **Simulation for evaluation of schedule scenarios**
 - Simulator provides estimates for objective function
 - Operational applications (Leitstand)



Simulation-based Scheduling



Simulation-based Scheduling

▷ Challenges

- (Online) Data acquisition for initialization of scheduler (and simulator)
 - Interface to data of real system
 - Validation of system data
- Simulation model generation (more on next slides)
- Simulation model parameterization (scenario management)
- Fast simulation runs (no stochastic components, no 3D visualization, ...)
- Data handling for simulation results (no time-consuming repetition of runs)
- Validation of simulation model

Simulation Model Generation

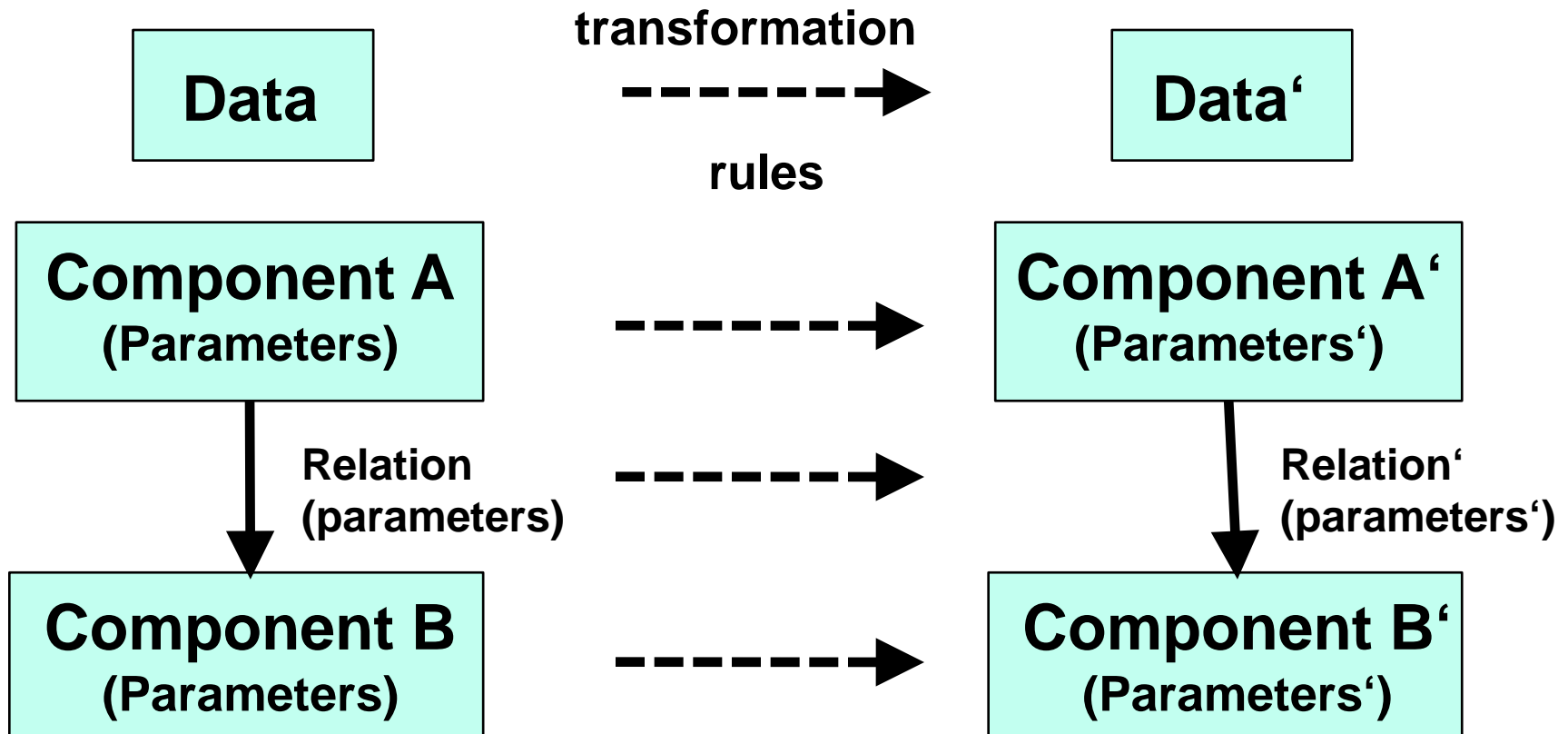
▷ Alternatives

- Before start of scheduler
 - Only possible if system changes very seldomly
- *Before each simulation run*
 - Requires availability of all relevant data and fast generation
- Manually
 - Only possible if model is created before start of the scheduler
- *Automated*
 - State-of-the-art for operational simulation-based scheduling

Automated Model Generation

Real System Model
(has meta model)

Simulation Model
(has meta model)



Automated Model Generation

▷ Requirements

- Source model available (and valid!)
- Matching meta models of source and target system
 - Semantics well-defined?
Examples: What is a “job”? What is a “tool”?
 - Meta model of commercial simulation tools?
- Fast, flexible and extensible transformation approach
- Valid transformation rules (danger of systematic errors due to faulty rules)

▷ Applications

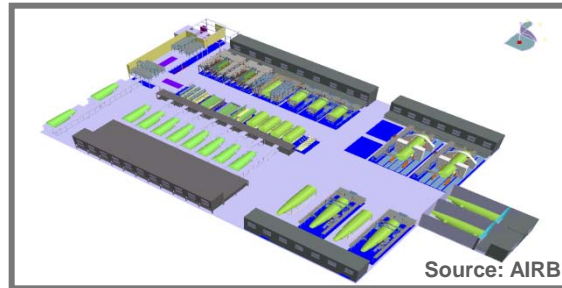
- Simulation-based scheduling
- Simulation-based performance forecast (initialized with current system state)

Example For Simulation-based Scheduling

SIEMENS
Turbine assembly



Airbus
Fuselage assembly



KBA Planeta
Offset printing
machine assembly

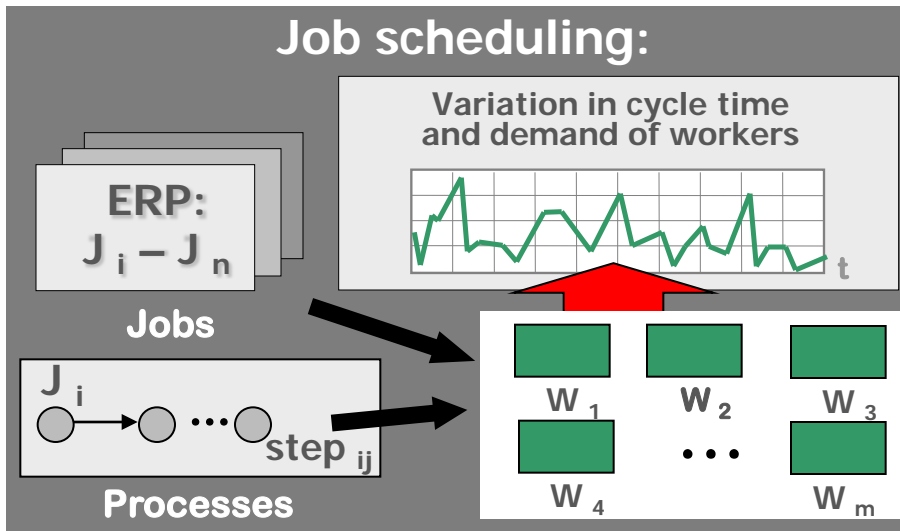


Example: Problem Description

- ▷ Main focus:
 - **Workforce scheduling**
- ▷ Constraints:
 - Release dates & due dates / deadlines (from ERP system)
 - Workers with different qualification profiles, shift regimes, and costs
 - Several resource modes for each processing step
 - Solution in < 10 minutes
- ▷ Objectives:
 - Keep the due dates
 - Minimize the number of workers
 - Match of worker supply and demand
- ▷ Closest traditional problem in the literature:
 - **MRCPS**: Multi-mode resource constrained project scheduling

Example: Problem Description

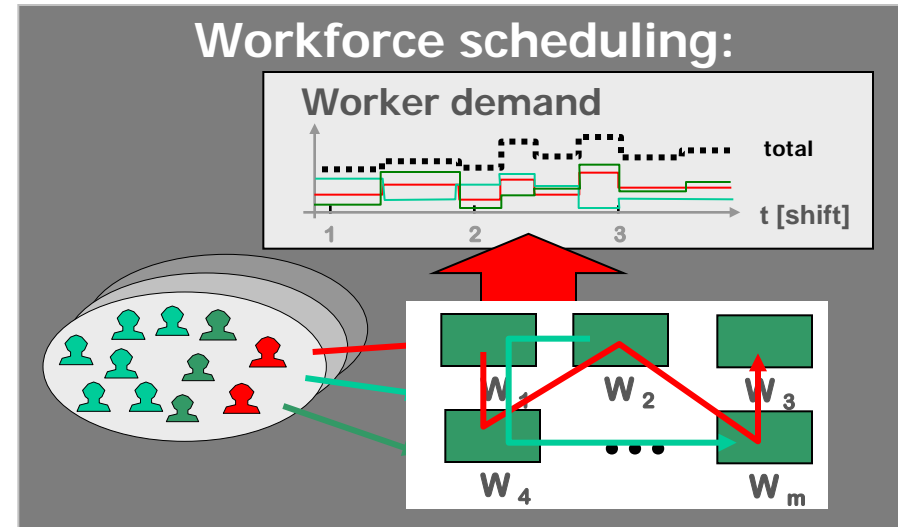
Job scheduling:



Goal: Keep the due dates

Sequencing
problem

Workforce scheduling:

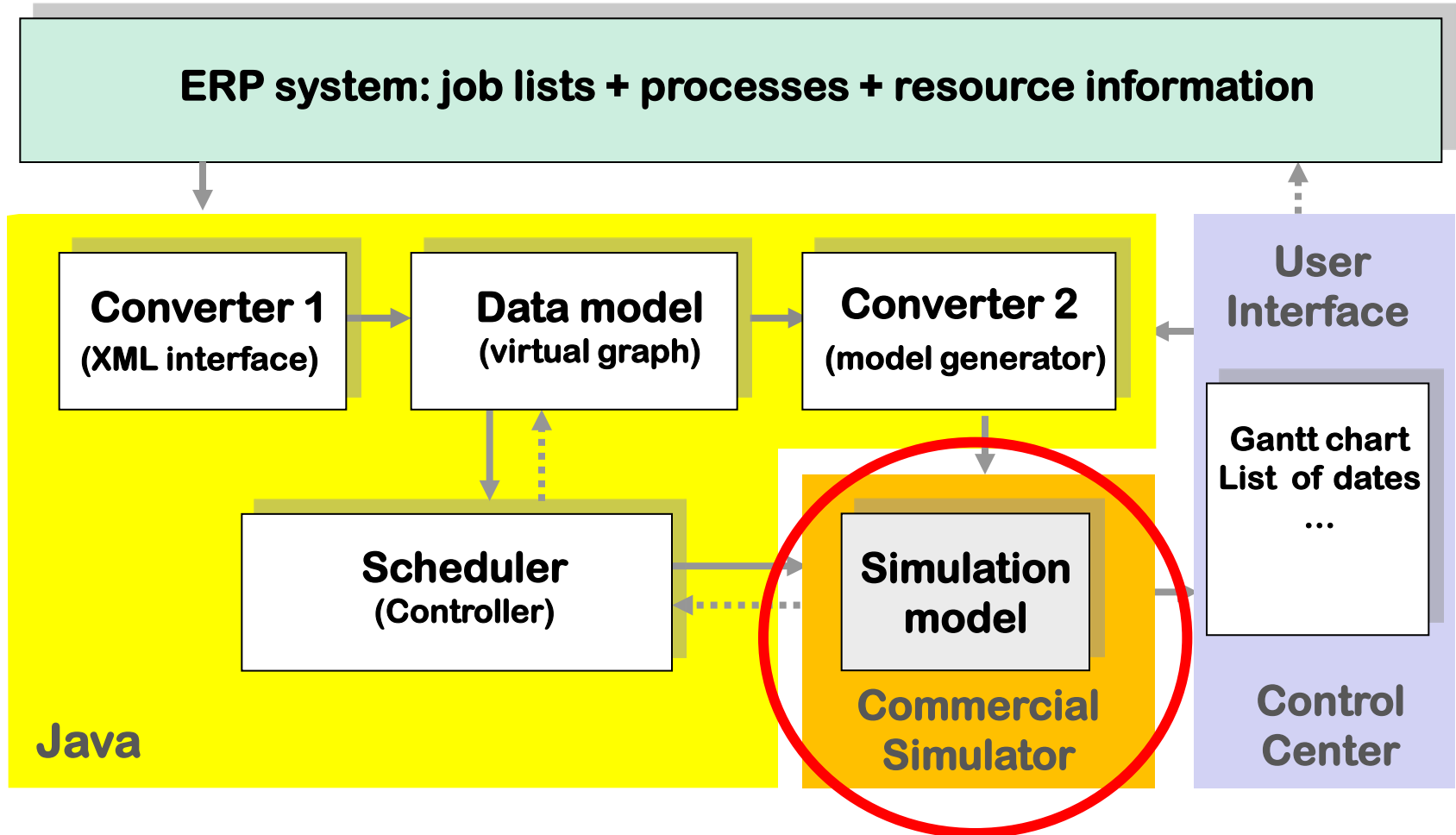


Goal: Match worker supply and demand

Knapsack
problem

Conflicting
goals

Example: Leitstand Architecture



Simulation Modeling Standard

▷ Motivation

- Independent from particular simulation package (beneficial for customers, bad for vendors?)
- Improved model generation (standard components, standard interfaces)
- Improved validation (standard components, well-defined semantics)
- *Simulation education*

▷ Standard(s) for Simulation Modeling Language

- Existing (quasi) standards? (military domain, interoperability standards, Modelica, DEVS, ...)
- Develop new ML?
- Use existing (general) ML (UML, SysML, BPEL, ...)?
- General or domain specific language (DSL)?

Simulation Modeling Standard

▷ SysML

- Already an OMG standard (v1.2, June 2010)
- Used in industry (mainly aviation industry)
- Editors, frameworks, transformation libraries available
- Flexible, extensible, supports development of DSL
- But: Semantics not always 100% clear (bad for automated model transformation)

SysML Overview

	Structure	Behaviour	Other
Diagram	Block definition diagram Internal block diagram Parametric diagram Package diagram	Activity diagram Use case diagram State machine diagram Sequence diagram	Requirement diagram, stereotype, model view, AP-233, XML Metadata, Interchange format
Model	Structure model	Behavior model	

Simulation Modeling Standard

▷ DSL for discrete logistics systems

- Close to terminology of experts in target domain
- According to “products, processes, and resources” modeling approach
 - Jobs refer to a particular product which refers to a particular production process
 - Processes are split into steps/activities
 - Activities require resources to be executed

Simulation Modeling Standard

▷ **No SysML simulators available yet**

- No adequate concept of time and space in SysML
- Additional transformation effort needed



▷ **To be implemented**

- Transformation rules from system data model to SysML model
- Transformation rules from SysML model to (executable) model of particular simulation package

▷ **Requirements**

- Meta models of real system, SysML. and target simulator have to match
- Transformation rules for several simulation packages

Model Transformation

Biggest Challenge:

Validation of the transformation mechanism

▷ Rules given explicitly/descriptive:

Graph grammars

- Validation approaches available for rather limited transformations
- Not sufficient/applicable for industrial modeling cases

▷ Rules given implicitly/imperative:

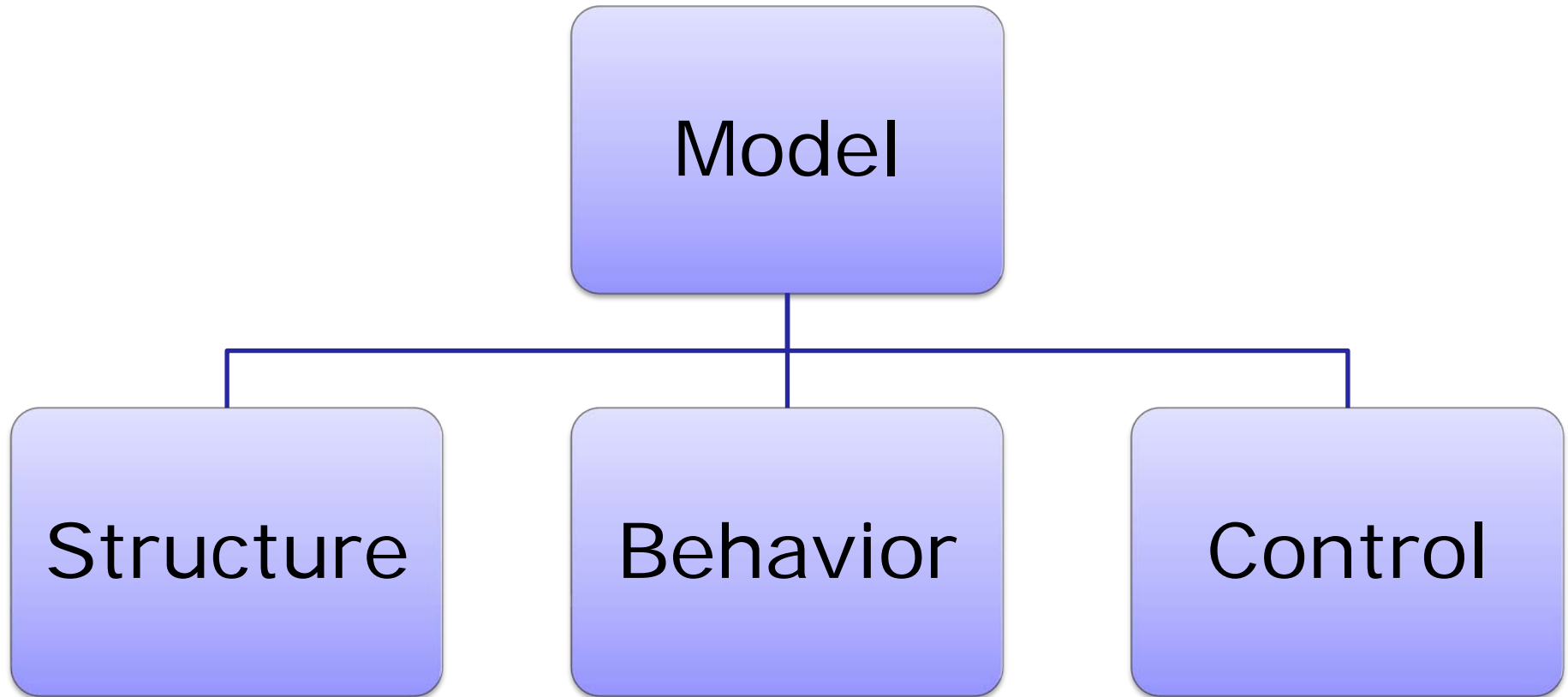
Program code

- Only informal validation
- Set of test models, comparison of (small) source and target models

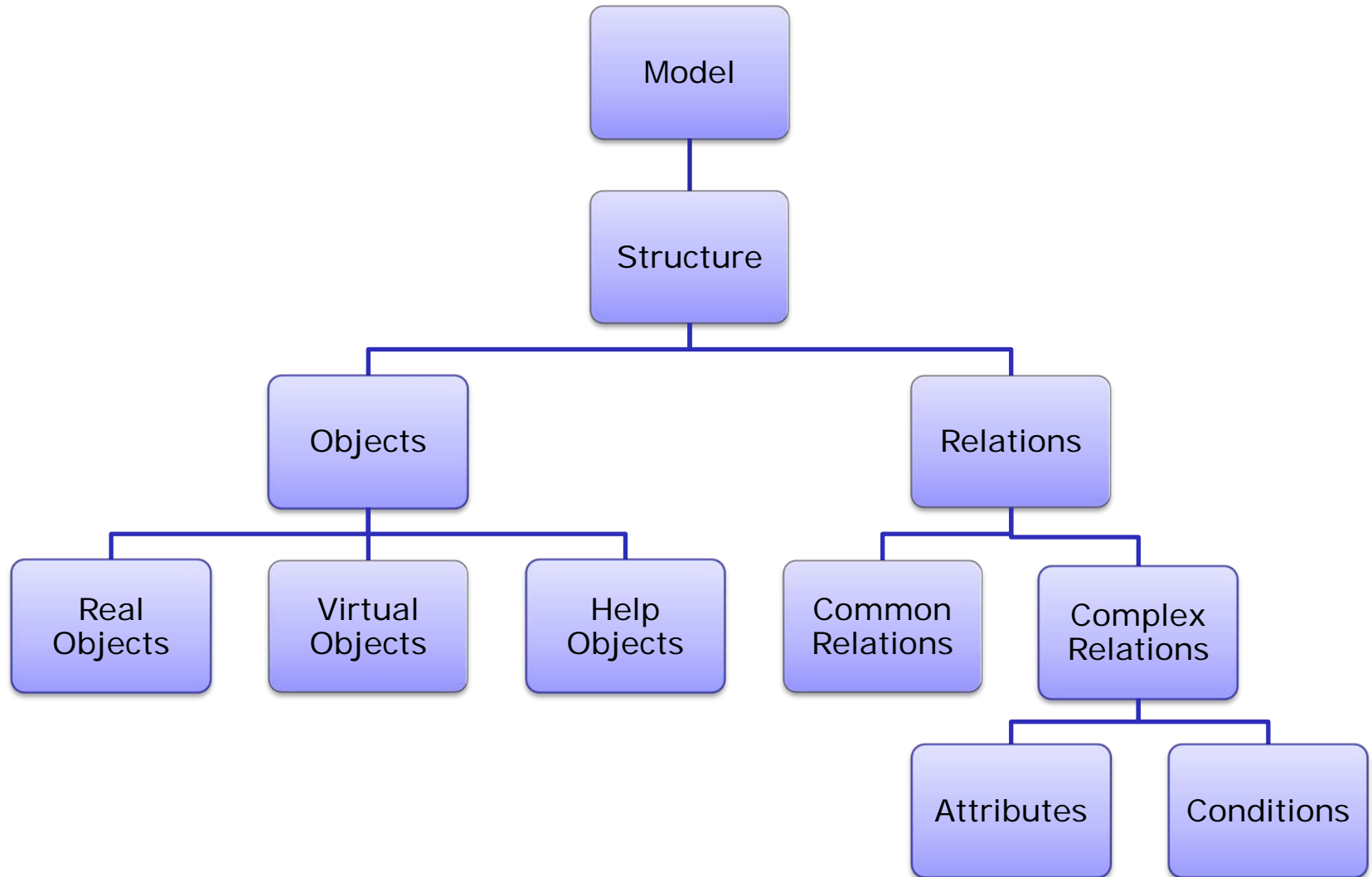
Domain Specific Languages

- ▷ Where to put the knowledge about the domain?
 - **Meta model**, user model, transformation, ...?
- ▷ Which components are domain specific?
 - Hopefully not too many
- ▷ Minimum set of general components?
 - Again: hopefully not too many
- ▷ Terminology/semantics problems
 - One definition, several terms (e.g. job and lot)
 - One term, several definitions (e.g. capacity)

DSL for Discrete Logistics Systems

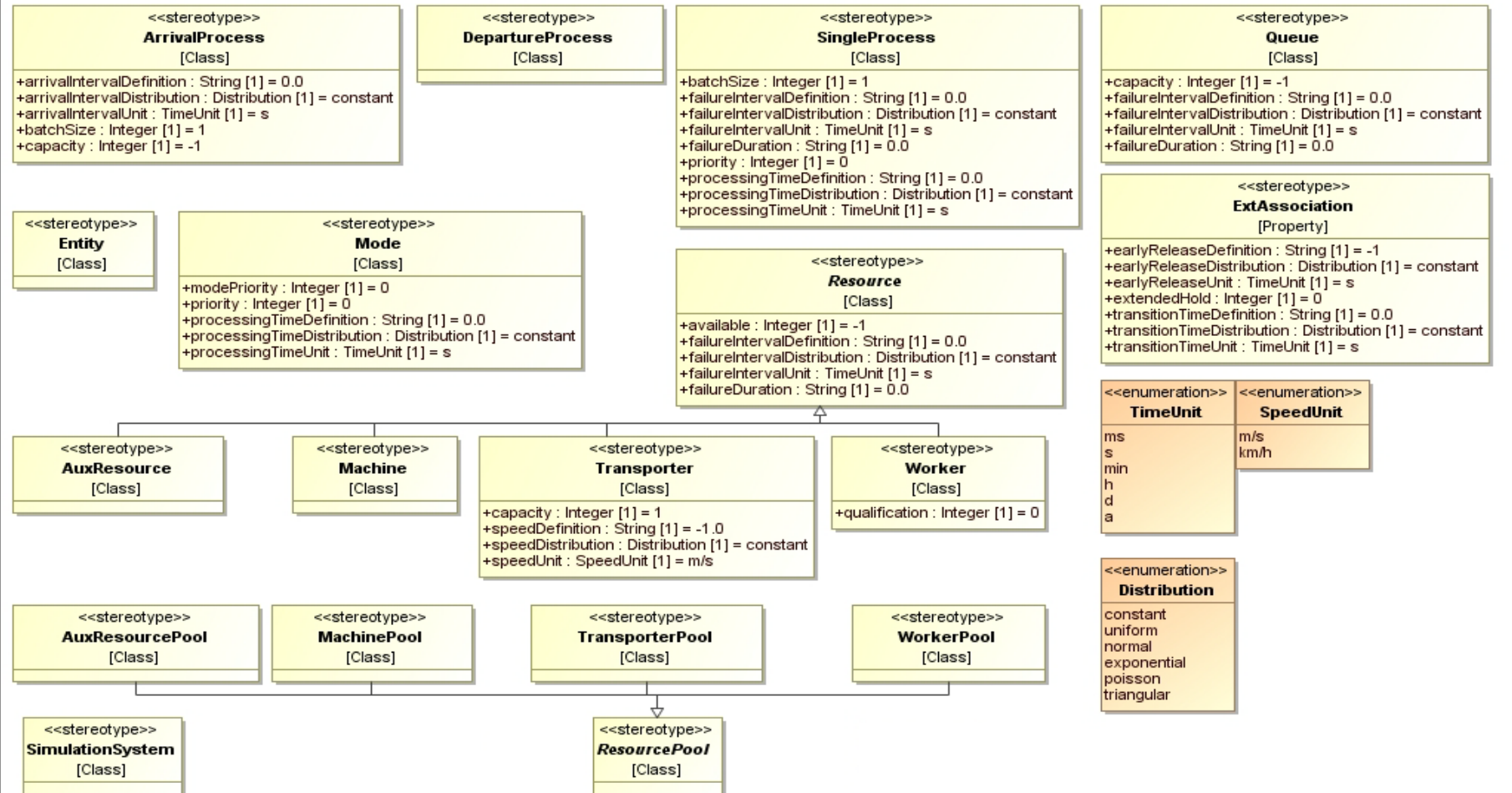


Structural Part

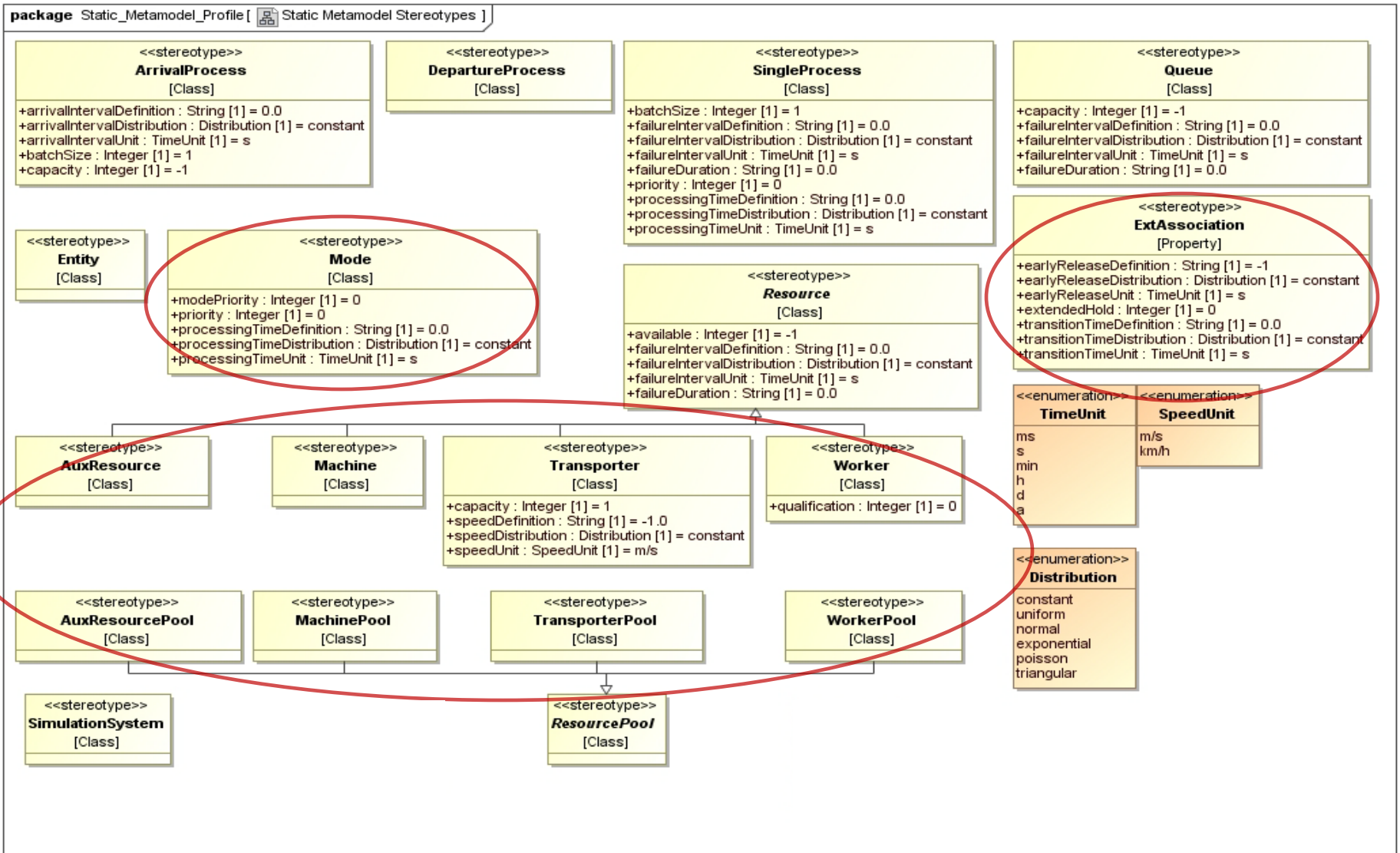


Structure Meta Model for Assembly Lines

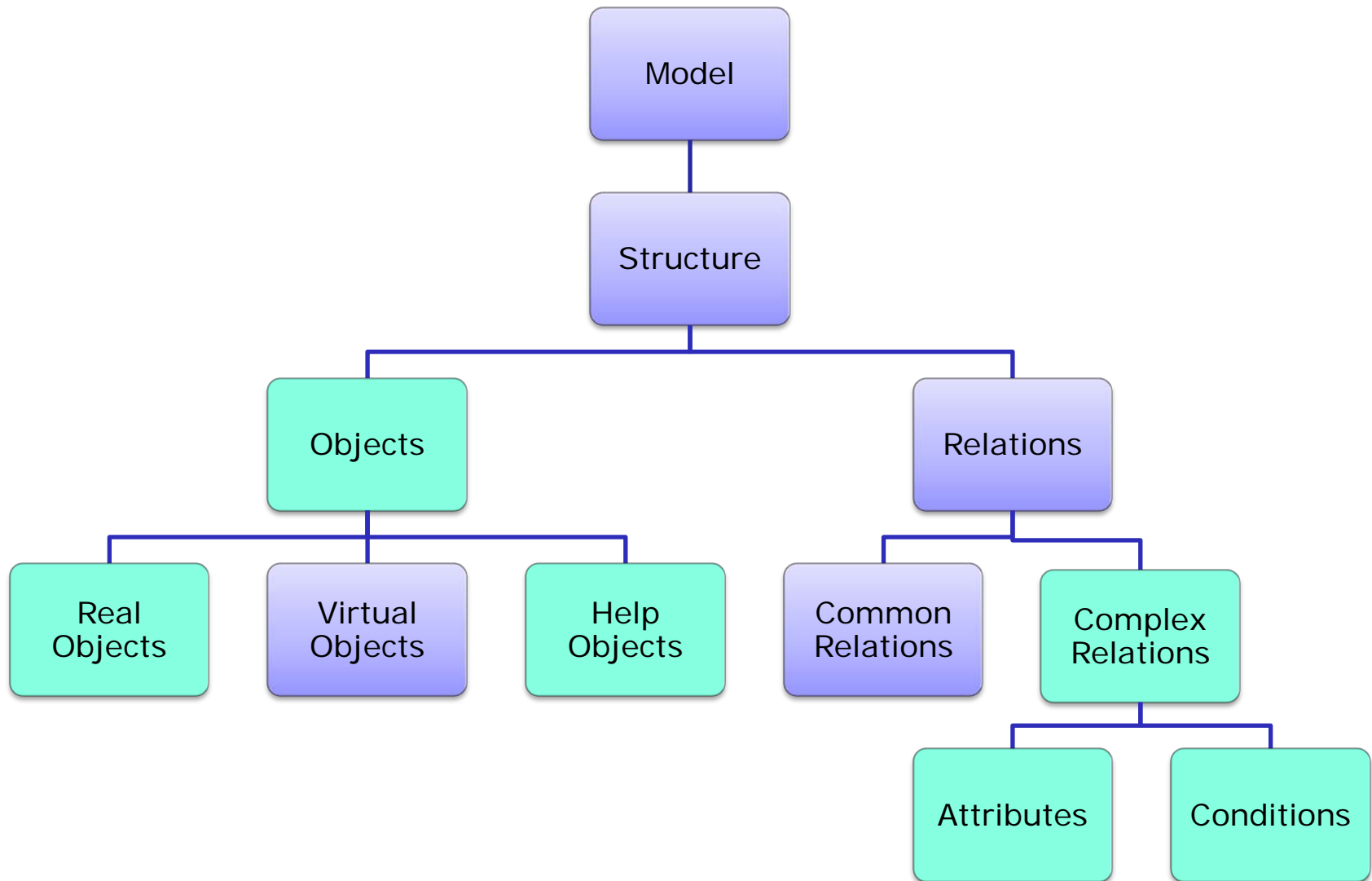
package Static_Metamodel_Profile [Static Metamodel Stereotypes]



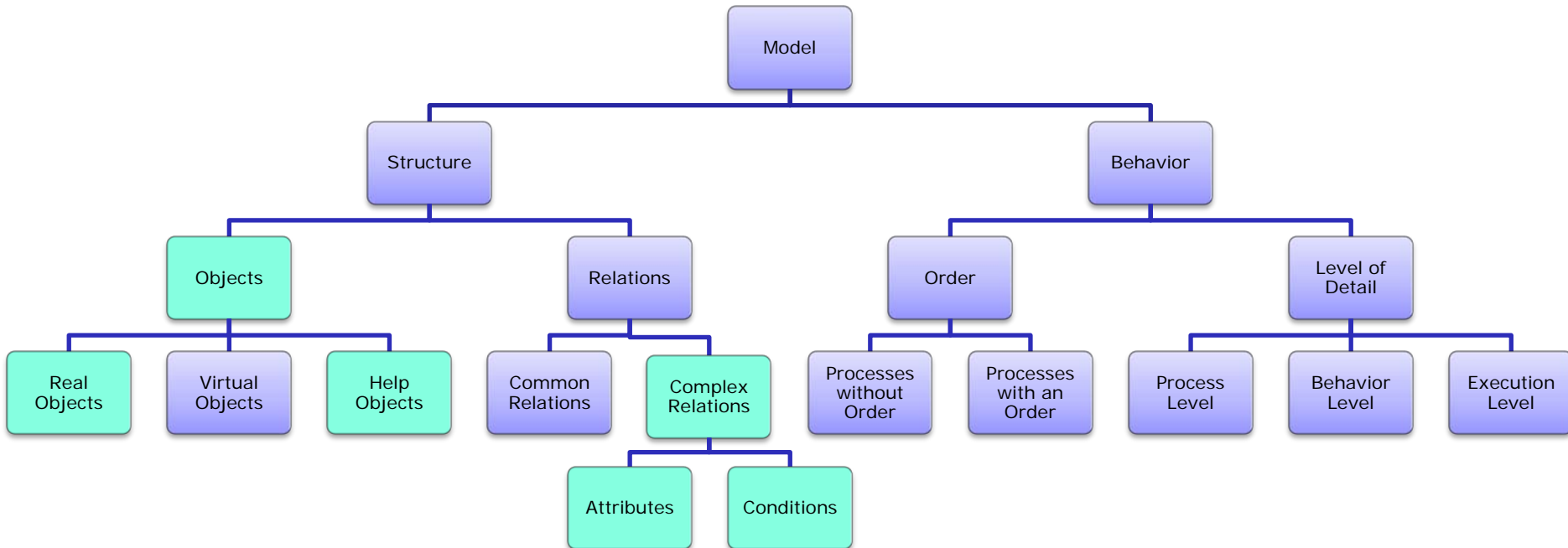
Domain Specific Components



Domain Specific Components



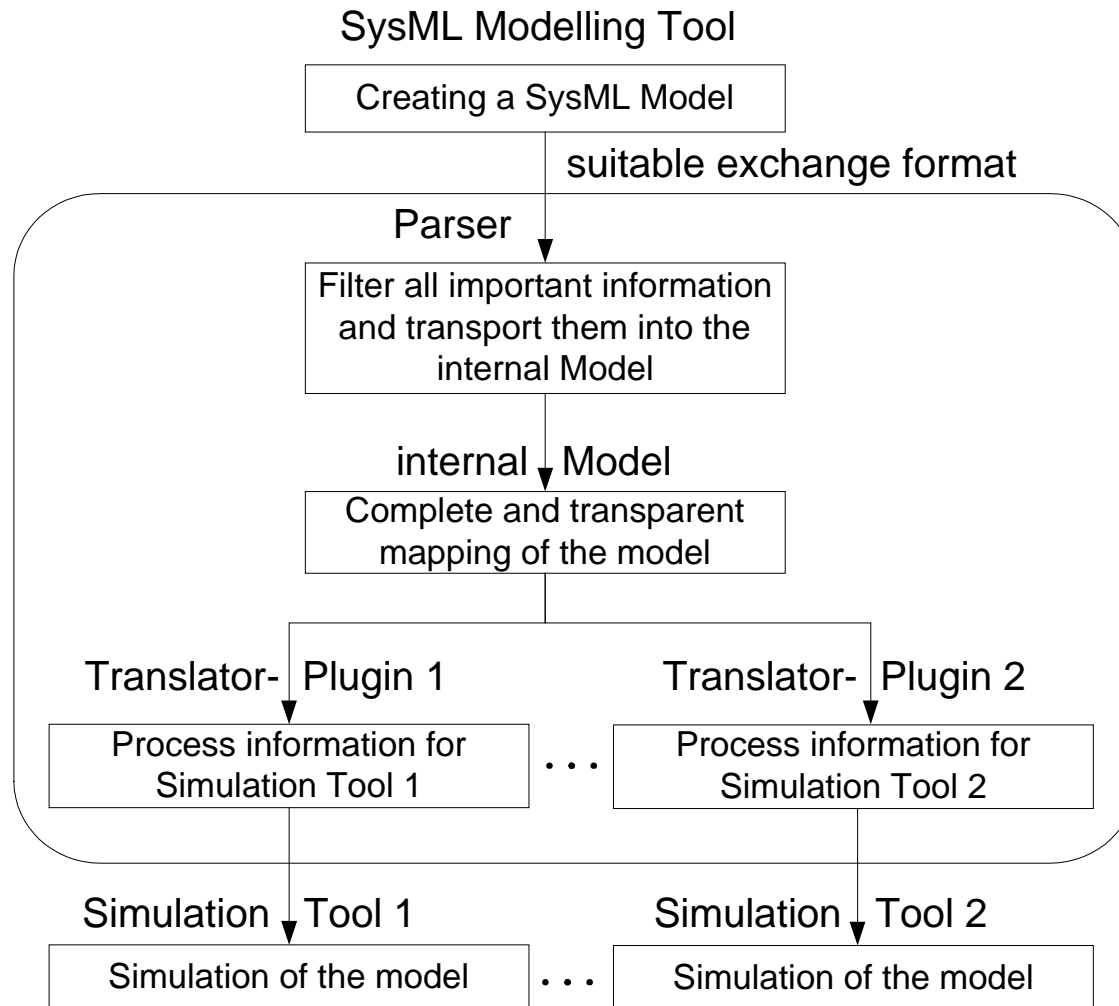
Structure and Behavior



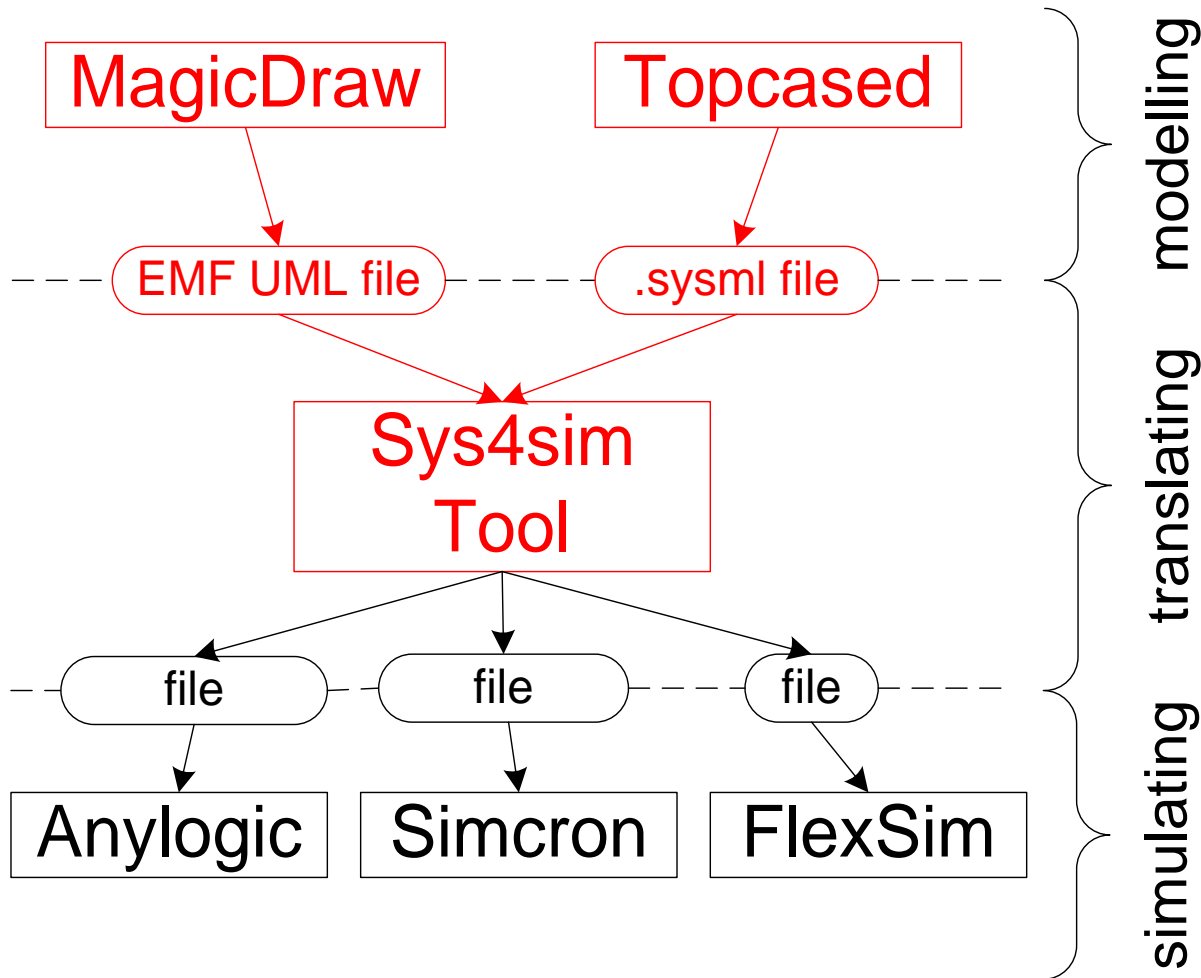
Control

- ▷ Typically controller exclusively event-driven
- ▷ Implementation of a generic event handling mechanism
- ▷ Standardized interface for data transfer
 - Export parameters to controller
 - Import results from controller
- ▷ Description of the controller algorithms (open research question)
 - SysML?
 - Program or Pseudo Code?
 - Other description language?

Architecture for Model Transformation



Implementation



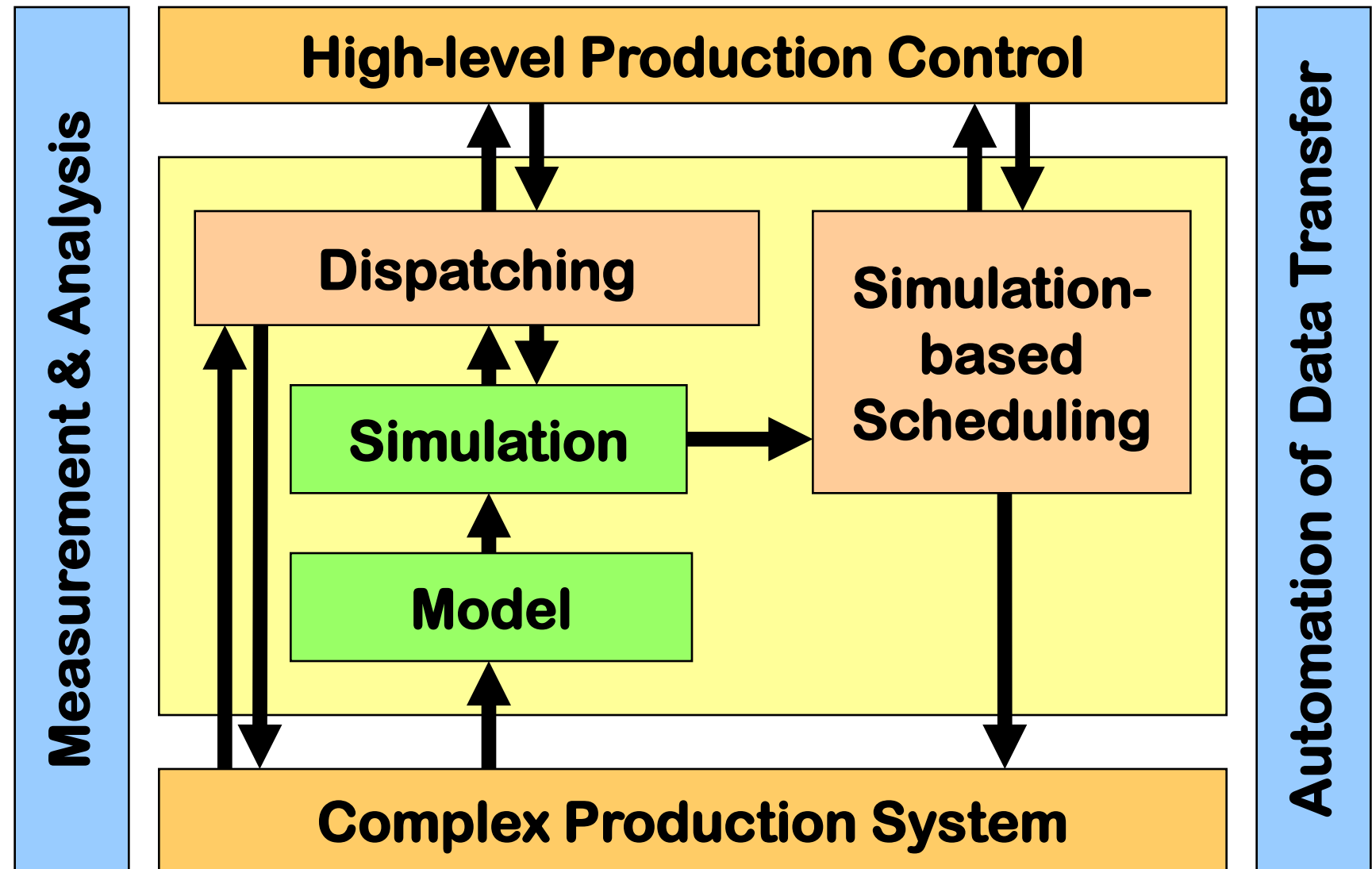
Current Research

- ▷ Transformation (in both directions)
 - Prototype to transform SysML models to Anylogic, Factory Explorer, Flexsim, and Simcron Modeler
 - First results to transform simulation models to SysML
- ▷ Development of an improved SysML modeling tool
 - SysML is very powerful and complex
 - Improved usability for engineers needed
 - Working with sets of stereotypes
- ▷ Development of a SysML Simulator
 - Simulate SysML model without translation
 - Ideas from executable UML

Summary

- ▷ Promising combination of state-of-the-art software engineering technologies (mainly model driven approaches)
- ▷ Decoupling of scheduler development from commercial (simulation) products
- ▷ Great support from model-to-model transformation research community (lot of know-how but often no real industrial application cases)
- ▷ Efficient validation of models and transformation mechanisms still requires a lot of research work

Research Overview



WSC goes Europe!

44th Winter Simulation Conference Berlin, December 9-12, 2012

First time outside of the US since 1967

General Chair:	Oliver Rose
Program Chair:	Lin Uhrmacher
Local Chair:	Markus Rabe