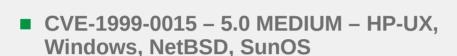


# Practical Verification for Software Engineers

Alexander Senier CODE, 2020-11-11

### Software Security Security Vulnerabilities



- "Teardrop"
- CVE-2014-0160 7.5 HIGH OpenSSL
  - "Heartbleed": Improper Restriction of Operations within the Bounds of a Memory Buffer (CWE-119)
- CVE-2017-0144 8.1 HIGH Windows
  - "EternalBlue": Improper Input Validation (CWE-20)
- CVE-2017-0785 6.5 MEDIUM Android
  - "BlueBorne": Information Exposure (CWE-200)



- CVE-2017-14315 7.5 HIGH iOS
  - "BlueBorne": Improper Restriction of Operations within the Bounds of a Memory Buffer (CWE-119)
- CVE-2018-10933 9.1 CRITICAL libssh
  - Improper Authentication (CWE-287)
- CVE-2019-3560 7.5 HIGH Fizz
  - Loop with Unreachable Exit Condition (CWE-835)
- CVE-2019-11477 7.5 HIGH Linux
  - Integer Overflow or Wraparound (CWE-190)

## Software Security Integer Overflow in Fizz



- Fizz ¹
  - TLS 1.3 implementation by Facebook in C++
- Vulnerability <sup>2</sup>
  - Infinite loop triggered by unauthenticated remote attacker (denial of service)

## Software Security How to prevent such bugs?



- **Software Quality Assurance** ⇒ Applied by Facebook
  - Code Reviews
  - Testing
  - Fuzzing

#### **■ Static Code Analysis**

- Variant Analysis ⇒ Applied by Semmle (acquired by GitHub) using CodeQL
- Formal Verification

## Formal Verification SPARK



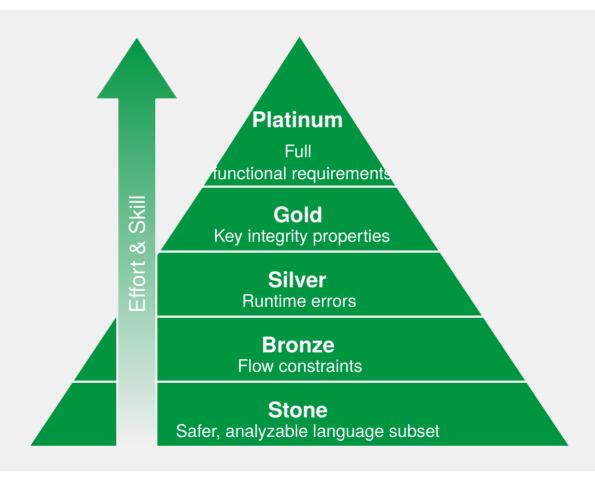
#### Programming Language and Verification Toolset

- Based on Ada
- Compilable with GCC and LLVM
- Interoperable with Ada, C, C++, Java
- Customizable runtime
- Contracts (preconditions, postconditions, invariants)
- Open Source with commercial support



### SPARK Assurance Levels





### SPARK Guarantees and Limitations



#### Guarantees

- Formal verification gives guarantees that traditional software quality assurance cannot provide
- Systems are secure and safe in all known potentially problematic situations

#### Limitations

- Every proof (and in fact every software) has assumptions
- Proving higher-level properties is harder
- Limited support for dynamic systems

## SPARK Example: Integer Overflow in Fizz



```
type UInt16 is range 0 .. 2**16 - 1;

declare
    Length : UInt16 := Read_UInt16 (Cursor);
begin
    Length := Length + 5;
    Trim_Start (Buf, Length);
...
```

## SPARK Example: Integer Overflow in Fizz



```
type UInt16 is range 0 .. 2**16 - 1;

declare
    Length : UInt16 := Read_UInt16 (Cursor);

begin
    Length := Length + 5;
    Trim_Start (Buf, Length);
...
```

```
Phase 1 of 2: generation of Global contracts ...

Phase 2 of 2: flow analysis and proof ...

plaintext_record_layer.adb:15:30: medium: range check might fail (e.g. when Length = 65531)
```

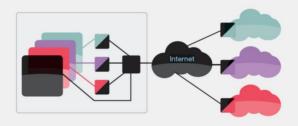
## SPARK Applications in Security



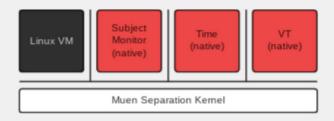
Rockwell CollinsTurnstile/SecureOne



secunet
SINA MLW



codelabsMuen



MBDAEISR



NVIDIA
SP/FW



ANSSIWooKey



### Software Security Securing Existing Software



#### Current Situation

Software usually written in unsafe languages (C, C++, ...)

### Migration to Language Supporting Formal Verification

Very expensive when done manually

#### Options

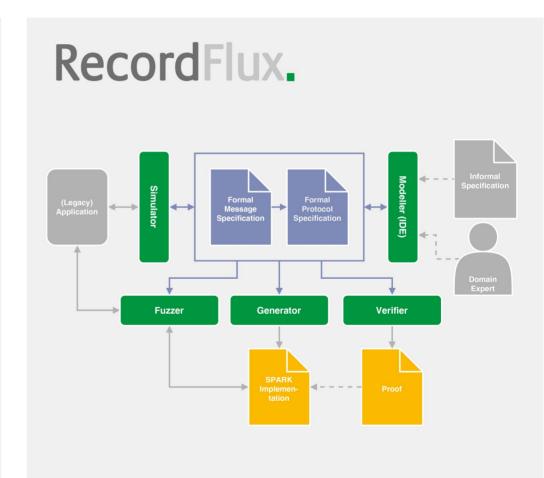
Only replace critical parts of software

Use code generation

### Protocol Verification RecordFlux



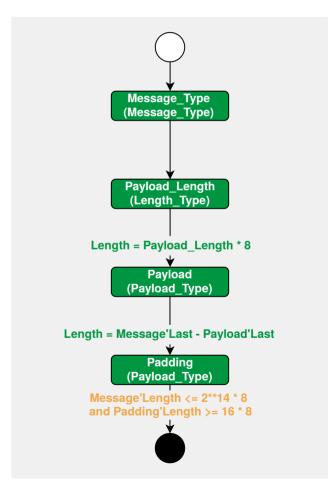
- Formal Specification of Messages (and Protocol Sessions)
- Model Verification
- Generation of Verifiable Binary Parsers
- Generation of Verifiable Message Serializers



### RecordFlux Model

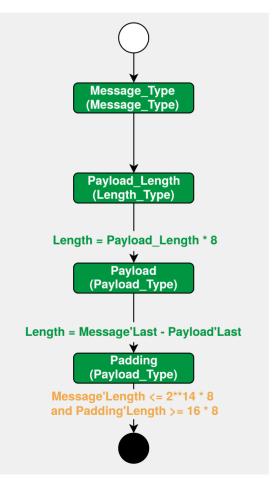


- Specification language enables precise definition of binary formats (and protocol sessions)
- Definition of complex data formats with value ranges, dependencies and restrictions
- Prevention of critical errors by automated correctness proofs at model level



### RecordFlux Specification Language





```
package TLS_Heartbeat is
   type Message_Type is (HEARTBEAT_REQUEST => 1, HEARTBEAT_RESPONSE => 2)
      with Size => 8;
   type Length Type is range 0 .. 2**14 - 20 with Size => 16;
   type Heartbeat Message is
      message
         Message_Type : Message_Type;
         Payload_Length : Length_Type
            then Pavload
               with Length = Payload_Length * 8;
         Payload: Payload Type
            then Padding
               with Length = Message'Last - Payload'Last;
         Padding: Payload_Type
            then null
               if Message'Length <= 2**14 * 8 and Padding'Length >= 16 * 8;
      end message;
end TLS_Heartbeat;
```

### RecordFlux Guarantees and Limitations



#### Guarantees

- Determinism
- Liveness
- Reachability
- Coherency
- Completeness

#### Limitations

- Some message schemes and complex invariants not supported yet
- Support for protocol sessions in development

### RecordFlux<br/>Code Generation



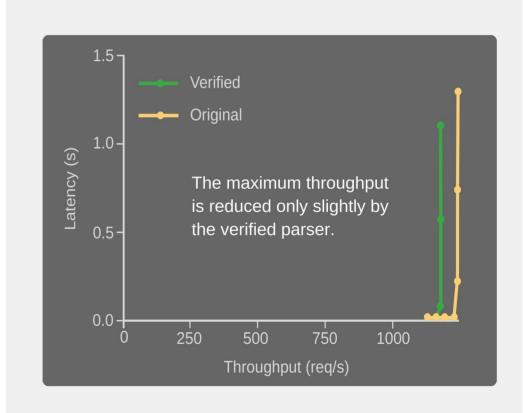
- Provable message parsers and serializers created in SPARK language
- Absence of runtime errors
- Functional correctness
  - Parsers guarantee received messages comply with specification

Serializers ensure creation of correct messages





- Minimizing attack surface by securing message parsers
- Formalization of TLS 1.3 with RecordFlux
- Replacing C++ parser of Fizz TLS library
- Critical vulnerabilities like CVE-2019-35602 now prevented by proven SPARK code



## RecordFlux Project GreenTLS



- Component-based high-assurance implementation of TLS 1.3
- Critical components in SPARK using RecordFlux
- Current State
  - Complete message specification
  - Initial design and protocol specification
  - Implementation of code generator in progress

#### https://github.com/Componolit/GreenTLS







Diese Maßnahme wird mitfinanziert durch Steuermittel auf Grundlage des von den Abgeordneten des Sächsischen Landtags beschlossenen Haushaltes.

### Practical Verification Conclusion



#### ■ Software Verification using SPARK

- Formal verification for software engineers
- Already used in industries where safety/security matters
- Flexible cost/benefit trade-off

#### Protocol Verification using RecordFlux

- Ensuring correctness of critical part of software: communication protocols
- Reducing effort and implementation errors by high-level abstraction and automation

### **Questions?**



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